Addition Family Reunion

3 + 7 = \_\_\_\_ 7 + 3 = \_\_\_\_ 10 – 7 = \_\_\_\_ 10 – 3 = \_\_\_\_

4 + 2 = \_\_\_\_ 2 + 4 = \_\_\_\_ 6 – 2 = \_\_\_\_ 6 – 4 = \_\_\_\_

8 + 1 = \_\_\_\_ 1 + 8 = \_\_\_\_ 9 – 1 = \_\_\_\_ 9 – 8 = \_\_\_\_

3 + 7 = \_\_\_\_ 7 + 3 = \_\_\_\_ 10 – 7 = \_\_\_\_ 10 – 3 = \_\_\_\_

1 + 11= \_\_\_\_ 11 + 1= \_\_\_\_ 12 – 1 = \_\_\_\_ 12 – 11= \_\_\_\_

\_\_\_ + \_\_\_ = \_\_\_ \_\_\_ + \_\_\_ = \_\_\_ \_\_\_ + \_\_\_ = \_\_\_ \_\_\_ + \_\_\_ = \_\_\_

\_\_\_ - \_\_\_ = \_\_\_ \_\_\_ - \_\_\_ = \_\_\_ \_\_\_ - \_\_\_ = \_\_\_ \_\_\_ - \_\_\_ = \_\_\_

Multiplication Family Reunion

2 x 5 = \_\_\_\_ 5 x 2 = \_\_\_\_ 10 ÷ 2 = \_\_\_\_ 10 ÷ 5 = \_\_\_\_

4 x 3 = \_\_\_\_ 3 x 4 = \_\_\_\_ 12 ÷ 3 = \_\_\_\_ 12 ÷ 4 = \_\_\_\_

11 x 1 = \_\_\_\_ 1 x 11 = \_\_\_\_ 11 ÷ 1 = \_\_\_\_ 11 ÷ 11 = \_\_\_\_

2 x 6 = \_\_\_\_ 6 x 2 = \_\_\_\_ 12 ÷ 2 = \_\_\_\_ 12 ÷ 5 = \_\_\_\_

4 x 2 = \_\_\_\_ 2 x 4 = \_\_\_\_ 8 ÷ 2 = \_\_\_\_ 8 ÷ 4 = \_\_\_\_

\_\_\_ x \_\_\_ = \_\_\_ \_\_\_ x \_\_\_ = \_\_\_ \_\_\_ x \_\_\_ = \_\_\_ \_\_\_ x \_\_\_ = \_\_\_

\_\_\_ ÷ \_\_\_ = \_\_\_ \_\_\_ ÷ \_\_\_ = \_\_\_ \_\_\_ ÷ \_\_\_ = \_\_\_ \_\_\_ ÷ \_\_\_ = \_\_\_

Rules: Each student needs a copy of the problems. Player 1 rolls a 12 sided die and places the number in a correct blank. Then player 2 rolls and does the same. If the number rolled doesn’t fit into any problem, then the player writes the number in one of the blank problems to create his/her own family. When a fact family is completed, the player earns a point. The first player to have all families complete, or the player with the most points when time is called, is the winner.